

PLANTAR FASCITIS

F.M.Donelli

Plantar fascitis is the most common cause of pain at the weight-bearing surface of the heel, and may coexist with other sources of heel pain. This has led to a confusing array of treatment strategies, including surgery.

Plantar fascitis is a term first used be Wood in 1812. It is subcalcaneal pain. CAUSES are quite numerous, these include: Microtrauma, microfracture and stess fracture, obesity & overweight, degenerative changes, bursa, secondary nerve involvement, systemic diseases, tarsal tunnel syndrome, calcanear spur.

Demographics -It is more common after the age of 40, mainly affecting women: females 3:1, 70% unilateral, and almost 50% have "spurs". Almost 20% of foot pain is due to plantar fascitis.

<u>Diagnosis</u> - Determined easily by history and physical exam: Sonography, two-phase bone scan, non essential x-ray and electrodiagnostic studies, whilst can be considered useful the technetium bone scan.

<u>Treatment</u> -Personally, I prefer a conservative therapy, amongst which: rear foot orthosis, ripple sole shoes.

Medications - with analgesic plasters.

Physical therapy - If very painful, injections with a local anestheatic associated to stretching exercise and to radial shock wave therapy (which we have just started using). I believe that this is an effective therapy, especially for the painful symptology, because it seems to be exploiting action mechanism of the gate control theory.